**Asset Information Page**

**Capybara**

**Sticky Note 1:**

**Capybaras are the largest rodents in the world, native to South America, known for their social behavior and semi-aquatic lifestyle.**

**Appearance:** Capybaras have a barrel-shaped body, short legs, and a large, blunt head. Their fur is coarse and brownish, providing camouflage in their natural environment. They have webbed feet that help them swim efficiently.

**Habitat:** Capybaras live in dense forests and savannas near bodies of water, such as rivers, lakes, and marshes. They are commonly found in countries like Brazil, Venezuela, and Colombia.

**Movement:** Capybaras are strong swimmers and can remain submerged for several minutes to avoid predators. On land, they move in a slow, steady manner but can run quickly when threatened.

**Diet:** Capybaras are herbivores, feeding on grasses, aquatic plants, and fruits. They have a digestive system adapted to extract maximum nutrients from fibrous plant material.

-------------------------------------------------------End of Sticky Note 1---------------------------------------------------------

**Sticky Note 2:**

**Capybaras are highly social animals, living in groups that can range from a few individuals to as many as 100. They are known for their calm and gentle nature.**

**Reproduction:** Capybaras breed year-round, with females giving birth to 4 to 5 pups after a gestation period of about 5 months. The young are precocial, meaning they are born fully furred and can eat grass within a few days.

**Social Structures:** Capybaras live in groups led by a dominant male. These groups are important for protection against predators and for social interactions, such as grooming and communication.

**Communication:** Capybaras communicate through a range of vocalizations, including purrs, whistles, and barks. They also use scent marking to establish territory and social bonds.

**Survival Skills:** Capybaras are well-adapted to their environments, with strong swimming abilities and social structures that help them avoid predators. They face threats from hunting and habitat loss, but they are not currently endangered.

-------------------------------------------------------End of Sticky Note 2---------------------------------------------------------